

## MUST HAVE ITS FUN.

The House Has Time to Amuse Itself,

No Matter if the Country is Indignant.

## TIME IS NOTHING.

Business Languishes While the Congressmen Play.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—[Special.]—The house has for some time been unusually inclined to have fun with the appropriation bills. Perhaps this is, as General Grosvenor said, due to the fact that they have plenty of time, knowing that the tariff bill cannot get back from the senate till long after the summer recess. The appropriations are through with all pressing business. The successful chairman brings in his bill and explains its provisions the tormentors fall on him from every side, and his experience is that of the central figure in the old time sport of bull baiting. Of course a heated debate was expected on the naval appropriation bill, for that is the measure on which the history of the two great parties is fought over with true partisan venom, but ordinarily the agricultural appropriation bill passes with very little discussion. This year, however, the opposition members had evidently determined to have fun with Mr. Hatch, knowing how terribly serious he is over everything which concerns the interest of the farmer. No state in the Union has an abler delegation in this matter than Missouri, and very few can equal it, but with the exception of Champ Clark they are not men who take criticism very kindly. Chairman Hatch in particular is so intense in everything that he believes that petty criticism is very near akin to blasphemy. As if with these characteristics especially in view, the critics all upon his little bill with considerable acrimony.

**Fun Over Seeds.**  
The battle for the alleged rights of the farmer and the right of the member to send him seeds would have seemed almost trivial to the spectator who did not know that it was all a humbug. Messrs. Ray of New York, Pickler of South Dakota, Wilson of Washington and others fell upon Secretary Morton with the most malicious charge that he was opposed to a promiscuous distribution of seeds and was therefore an enemy of the farmer and politically damned accordingly. Over one little clause in the bill which provided that only rare and uncommon seeds should be distributed raged one of those noisy and continual battles which sometimes occur and make the spectator wonder whether these fellows take themselves seriously or are only pumping stage thunder to split the ears of the groundlings.

Mr. Ray charged Mr. Williams of Mississippi with saying that the gentlemen in opposition were "punkin seed politicians." Mr. Williams denied it in language of caustic sarcasm. Mr. Ray admitted that he had made a mistake and apologized, and there were confessions and protestations generally and a sort of falling upon each other's necks, speaking figuratively. In such solemn fooling as this whole days are consumed, because, as General Grosvenor intimated, the house knows it will have much spare time. In the regular order the Indian appropriations bill follows the agricultural and this year is the subject of unusual criticism. Next comes the general legislative bill, which will afford the opportunity for the closing speeches, contrasting the efficiency and the economy of the two parties. This will end the racket on appropriations for the general deficiency bill is about the last considered and does not usually excite much political discussion.

**The Doubtful Senate.**  
As the house at its present rate of progress is expected to very nearly complete its work this month, what will it do while waiting on the senate? Several members say their policy will be to adjourn from time to time for as long as the constitution permits and thus emphasize the fact that all the delay in final adjournment is due to the senate. They think this the best way to fix the attention of the people on that dilatory body. From the senate, however, come many fresh promises that the house will not wait so long, and it is of some significance that many of these are from members who have heretofore not prophesied freely. Mr. Voorhees is quite confident that the outside pressure will force a vote at a very early day, but he was just as confident when the bill was received from the house that it would be rejected from his committee in a few days. Mr. Brice, originally very conservative, is now confident that the bill will proceed rapidly to its final passage. He even hints occasionally at a sudden and dramatic ending of the debate. The other senators who have been called conservative are almost equally confident, and the recent changes that attempts had been made to bring certain senators over had the effect to bring out a tolerably free expression of opinion.

The curious fact about the count on the final vote is the success with which the Populists have concealed their intentions. It has long been taken for granted that Senator Kyle would certainly vote for the bill and Senator Allen probably, while Senators Peffer and Stewart were considered doubtful or adverse, and yet as a matter of fact no one has succeeded in getting absolute certainty as to any of the four. Of course both the friends and the foes of the bill concede that sugar and incomes are the two subjects in which it can be beaten off at all. If an amendment for free sugar can be stuck on, then Louisiana and the Sugar trust are hostile, and the bill is doomed; if the income clause can be stricken out, then all the Populists will vote against it, and it may be doomed. Thus runs the gossip from day to day, and it will do no harm for any one to make his own calculations if he will only bear in mind that all forecasts as to the action of such a body as the senate are very doubtful.

**The Industrial Movement Map.**  
In a certain office in this city, which is nameless here by request, there is a large outline map of the United States, with mysterious markings in red, green, yellow and blue, which give it a curious resemblance to the daily weather maps. It is a map of the progress made by the various Coxeyite or industrial armies in their supposed progress toward Washington, and when the matter gets old enough to be history instead of current news this map will be both amusing and instructive. Taking the daily markings and dotting it shows how the original contingent moved without hindrance from Massillon here and how each succeeding one has met with rapidly increasing difficulties. One line be-

gins in southern California, extends eastward and northward, then breaks and terminates at various points. Another shows how the Kelly army moved rapidly at first and then slower and finally took to water in Iowa. Still another shows how a considerable force of industrialists was lost in the wilds of darkest Indiana. The number of short and irregular, twisted and intersecting lines in the northwest is really surprising.

## LONG TO BE REUNITED.

Northern and Southern Presbyterians Want to Get Together Again.

SARATOGA, N. Y., May 23.—Rev. Dr. Murkland, of Baltimore, was introduced to the general Presbyterian assembly this morning as a representative of the Presbyterian Alliance and a minister of the southern Presbyterian church.

He expressed the hope that the time might soon come when the effort to bring back the southern church like a daughter to the bosom of her mother should be crowned with success. In replying the moderator charged Dr. Murkland to take back to his church the special message that the northern church is longing to be one again with the southern church, adding: "It is a crime for us to be separated any longer."

Prof. George T. Purvis of Princeton, N. J., read the report of the committee on the work of the board of foreign missions, showing the following facts: The last assembly called for work involved expenditure of \$1,015,000. The receipts of the year amounted to \$843,411, leaving a deficit of over \$150,000. The debt of the year is just less than \$108,000. Operating expenses have been reduced \$12,000. The women's board of the missions contributed \$324,000 and legacies yielded nearly \$73,000.

Under commission by the board 635 missionaries are engaged with 1,741 native agents.

## MRS. LEASE'S CONDITION.

She is Suffering Severely From Two Forms of Rheumatism.

OLATHIE, Kan., May 23.—The condition of Mrs. Mary E. Lease is such today that her friends are very much alarmed. A physician, who has been in consultation on the case, says the alarming feature is that she has grown steadily worse from the time she was first taken sick, and there has not been the least sign of improvement. Her trouble is rheumatism in two forms. She has sciatic rheumatism in the left leg and inflammatory rheumatism in the right arm and in addition she has something like an abscess on her right hand, the result of an injury she received a few weeks ago on a street car. Pus is forming in the wound in her hand. The attendant physician will not allow any one to see his patient, and Mrs. Lease, who is so fond of company, is naturally swerving on account of restraint. She has canceled all her dates for May and June.

## HERE'S A NEW PARTY.

It's to Be Formed at Des Moines by a National Convention.

DES MOINES, May 23.—A scheme is on foot to perpetuate the commonwealth movement. A meeting of the leaders will be held in Des Moines soon to form a national association. The Olney brothers and others, of 507 Mulberry street, have charge of the local end of the movement, and many laboring men have signed an agreement to join the contemplated association.

The Olney brothers say there are already local associations in San Francisco, Omaha, Denver, Salt Lake City, Ogden, Minneapolis, Chicago, St. Paul, Cleveland, Columbus and in fact many of the large cities of the country. They say that the order, which is to be of a political nature, will be as rapid in its growth as the A. O. U. W., but, unlike that order, will have nothing to do with religious subjects. It will invite the laboring and poorer classes to gather and force congress and state legislatures to accede to their demands. Within two or three days a call will be issued for a national convention to be held here, at which some fifty promoters of the movement, which they say will sweep the country and exterminate the two old political parties, will be present and form a national association. The association already has 500 members in Des Moines. It is proposed to have county, state and national bodies and according to the two brothers, it is the biggest movement of the masses this country has ever seen.

## THE FRENCH CRISIS.

M. Bourgeois Has Been Summoned to Form the New Cabinet.

PARIS, May 23.—The cabinet today jointly gave their resignations into the hands of President Carnot at the Elysee palace. President Carnot has summoned the president of the senate and president of the chamber in order to consult with them in regard to the political situation. M. Bourgeois was summoned to consult with the president in regard to the formation of a new cabinet. He arrived at the palace at 4 o'clock this afternoon.

## THOUSANDS KILLED.

Railroad Accidents Used as Campaign Matter in England.

LONDON, May 23.—The Radical leaders, through handbills and pamphlets are giving the greatest possible prominence to the government figures of railroad fatalities for the past year.

The railroad corporations were largely responsible for the defeat of the employer's liability act and the Radicals are taking this way of getting even. The number of employees killed and injured amounts to over two thousand, of whom over one thousand were killed outright. The number of passengers killed, and for whom the companies are liable, was only seventeen.

A few of the attractions to be given by the Fraternal Aid associations at Hamilton hall Friday and Saturday, May 25 and 26: The Quaker dance by Misses Leora Strahl, Bella Watts and Lillian Pierson will assuredly be one of the many attractive novelties of the dancing carnival at Hamilton hall Friday and Saturday evenings.

The wing dance by Miss Leora Strahl and the rainbow dance by Miss May Russell please the most exacting audiences. The dances are novelties and the execution of the little girls would be a credit to any professionalists. At Hamilton hall Friday and Saturday evenings.

The STATE JOURNAL'S Want and Miscellaneous columns reach each working day in the week more than twice as many Topeka people as can be reached through any other paper. This is a fact.

## APPRAISERS NAMED.

Who Shall Name What Jockheek Shall Get for His Lots.

The work of excavating for the new court house was commenced this morning under the supervision of Samuel Dolman, who has the sub-contract.

County Surveyor E. A. Bailey was on the ground all forenoon laying out the site, and when his work is finished more men and teams will be put to work. At noon today Judge Hazen appointed Wm. Sims, Scott Kelsey and R. B. Mc-Masters as special commissioners to appraise three lots adjoining the county property which are owned by Carl Jockheek and Helen Schaefer, and for which they want \$16,500.

The county commissioners in session yesterday afternoon refused to pay the price asked for these lots and the application for the appointment of appraisers was made to Judge Hazen this morning. By tomorrow between thirty and forty men will be employed on the excavating which will be completed in about a week, when the stone work for the foundation will be commenced. Within ninety days the contractors expect to have 150 men at work on the masonry, which will not be completed until some time next spring.

The court house bonds are to be deposited with the county treasurer, to be delivered to the state at the times stated in the contract made five days ago. The last delivery will be made in January, 1895.

## GROVER'S "SAGACITY."

Our Confidence In It All That Prevents a Premium on Gold.

LONDON, May 23.—The Times in its financial article says: Indifferent as the American public appear to be to the great efflux of gold from the treasury, it is hardly too much to say that nothing but the confidence of the people in Mr. Cleveland's sagacity prevents a premium on gold.

A vote in congress would be necessary before a gold loan could be negotiated by the government and we cannot learn that any steps have been taken to drag in gold by the ears from Europe in that manner.

The public here would certainly require a definite announcement that principal and interest would be payable in gold before subscribing for a new issue of bonds, and if that condition were complied with it would be unnecessary to come to this country at all for the national banks would then be prepared to take the bonds.

The issue is announced of six millions sterling of India 3 per cent. at the minimum price of 98, to discharge India sterling bills and for other purposes. The loan is accepted as a sign that no change of policy regarding mint restriction is contemplated, and that the government intends to continue the process of keeping money scarce in India with the object of selling rupees at monopoly prices, even if the Indian treasuries grow more plentiful. But it may be pointed out that borrowing in sterling does not help India, but will bring home money accumulated there, and the loan will prove no remedy for the evils of the situation.

## NO MORE LAYOFFS.

But More are Expected Before the End of the Week.

There were no layoffs at the shop last night, and although there may be some tonight, it is hardly expected among the men themselves. There will be others, however, before the week is over.

There are now less than twenty men at work in the paint shop, and even these will go as soon as the thirteen coaches and four waycars now on hand are finished and sent out, Monday at the outside.

A few of the favored ones in the machine shop, who were let out Monday, have made application through their foremen and hope to be reinstated.

## "OPPOSED TO CRANKS."

The German-American League's Position Announced By Mr. Krauss.

The German-American league of Topeka at its meeting last evening elected the following delegates and alternates to the state convention which is to be held here June 5th.

Delegates—Oscar Krauss, Ed Buehner, W. F. Weber, Frank Gutch, H. Von Langen, Theo. Pennekamp.

Alternates—H. Vesper, Charles Hoeland, J. Deitrich, W. Rahn, Henry Schwalm, A. Rost.

Police Commissioner Krauss who heads the delegation says the German League is opposed to woman suffrage. "We are opposed to all crankism," he said this afternoon.

## SUNSET KING AN ACTOR.

He Will Take Part in His Own Play in Kansas City.

KANSAS CITY, Kan., May 23.—Judge S. S. King's two-act labor drama will be produced June 8, at either the Auditorium or the Ninth Street theater, in Kansas City, Mo.

Judge King will probably take the leading character in the play. The proceeds of the entertainment will be divided between the Trades Assembly of this city and the Industrial Council of Kansas City, Mo.

## BIG DAY AT THE CHURCH.

Over One Hundred to Be Confirmed Monday at the Catholic Church.

There will be confirmation services at the Church of the Assumption on Monday next, and over one hundred will be confirmed. This service only occurs once every two years in the Catholic church.

Bishop M. F. Burke, of St. Joseph, will conduct the service, as Bishop Fink is ill and cannot be present.

About eighty will be given the first communion on Sunday. A high mass will be sung on Sunday morning.

If you want a good hearty laugh you should hear Ed Davidson and Lillie Wilson in the new song "Shootin' Craps," in which Patti Rosa made a decided hit wherever she appeared this season. We can't have Patti Rosa with us, but we know that Edna and Lillie will please you. At Hamilton hall Friday and Saturday evenings.

Creates health, creates strength, creates vigor: De Witt's Sarsaparilla. It recommends itself. J. K. Jones.

**Fire Work.**  
At Topeka Steam Laundry.

## NEWS OF KANSAS.

J. D. Botkin's Views of the Treatment of Coxey,

Stir Up an Amusing Row in a Church at Belle Plaine.

## OTHER STATE NEWS.

The Coal Strike Situation Complicated as Ever.

WELLINGTON, May 23.—In the Methodist church at Belle Plaine, the Rev. J. D. Botkin of this city, Prohibition candidate for governor in 1888 and for six years presiding elder in the Methodist church, lectured on "The Nation's Perils." In it he referred to the evils which beset national legislation—among others the whisky and other trusts, lobbying, bribery, election methods, partisan whipping and immoral surroundings of legislators and declared that all measures affecting the moral, social, political or religious welfare of the people were fit topics for discussion in the pulpit. Incidentally he passed some severe strictures on the national banking law and declared that the conviction of the "commonwealth leaders" for walking on the grass of the capitol had the effect of "making him tired."

J. W. Forney, late chairman of the Republican county convention, arose in the front of the speaker and cried: "Leave Botkin by asking: 'Do you believe the conviction unjust?'"

"It is trivial—infelicitous," replied the Rev. Mr. Botkin with strong emphasis. "If a hundred millionaires walked on the grass not a word would be said."

C. R. Parsons, a leading Democratic banker, sprang to his feet directly in front of the speaker and cried: "Leave the room. Let's leave the church."

Two dozen men and women got up and started for the door. "Stay and take your medicine," cried State Senator A. G. Forney, brother of the Republican chairman, while there were deep murmurs in the church, much laughter and some stifled applause.

The speaker offered to divide time with those who had interrupted him, but they went out. He had continued but a few moments when the janitor of the church interrupted: "You are hurting our pastor, the Rev. Mr. Burns."

Mr. Burns said: "It is not my province to stop you. You came by invitation. Only the trustees can take you out of the pulpit. I won't be responsible."

## BUGS ARE PLENTY.

Chinch Bugs are Threatening and Chancellor Snow is Ready for Them.

LAWRENCE, May 23.—The Kansas experiment station for the extermination of chinch bugs, which has been located here, has begun active operations in the work this spring. Reports from different parts of the state indicate that bugs are plenty, and when this year's brood hatches it is feared that there will be much damage.

Already several substations have been established, some by counties and some by private enterprise, and men have been sent here to learn how to run them from Chancellor Snow.

There have been over a dozen men here in the past week for this purpose. One of these was Dr. Porter, dean of the Missouri state school of agriculture. The bugs in Missouri are already much worse than in Kansas, and the people of the state expect Dr. Porter to help get rid of them. He came here to learn more about the Kansas method of extermination and get a supply of the disease infected bugs. Wherever reports have been sent in about the working of the disease this year are the bugs have been successfully killed.

## COUNTY SUPERINTENDENTS.

Their Annual Convention is in Session at Hutchinson.

HUTCHINSON, May 23.—The annual convention of the county superintendents of the state began in the Baptist church last evening. L. F. Cain of this city welcomed the visitors and Superintendent P. F. Yearout responded on behalf of the superintendents. Dr. N. Gaines, state superintendent, delivered an entertaining and instructive address.

The following was today's programme: "Educational Hindrances," Superintendent W. H. Wright, Shawnee county; "A Few Mistakes," Superintendent Frances E. Katner, Doniphan county; "Educational Qualifications for a County Superintendent," Superintendent D. Swinehart, Ford county; "The Kindergarten in the County Normal," Superintendent Anna Carl, Rice county.

This evening at 8 o'clock Prof. John MacDonald of Topeka will lecture on Robert Burns.

## COAL STRIKE STILL UNSETTLED.

Missouri Agitators Laboring With Pittsburg and Fontenac Miners.

GIRARD, May 23.—Instead of the strike in this district having been settled as was reported on Sunday, it appears to be further from settlement than ever.

The Missouri miners who are now at Frontenac and Pittsburg are doing all they can to keep up the agitation and get all the men out. Mass meetings were held at Frontenac and the Santa Fe men asked to quit work and join in the great strike, but they did not heed the request.

Another mass meeting was held at Pittsburg, and resolutions were passed condemning the city authorities for not allowing the Missourians the privilege of soliciting aid in the city.

The miners at Weir City are not heeding the decision of the board of arbitration at Pittsburg Saturday, and the agitators are still at work. Some men who were leaders in the strike of a year ago, are against a strike now, while others are more anxious to strike than before.

## SEVENTH DISTRICT DEMOCRATS.

They Will Hold Their Congressional Convention at Hutchinson August 6.

LARNED, May 23.—The Democrats of the Big Seventh district will hold their congressional convention and nominate their candidate for congress, at Hutchinson, Monday, August 6, as that date and place were selected by the members of the congressional committee who met in this city. Over twenty counties were represented by committee men.

The basis of representation at the coming convention will be the same as two

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

# Royal Baking Powder

## ABSOLUTELY PURE

years ago at the Dodge City convention, which was based on the vote cast for Sheridan, a presidential elector.

In discussing the situation, two counties, Haskell and Kearney, the Populists were represented as having no existence whatever, the contests being straight between the Democrats and Republicans.

In some of the counties the Democrats were represented as favoring a straight Democratic congressional nomination with the resultant three cornered fight, while in others the bitter feeling against the Republicans was so intense that they would prefer anybody to Chester I. Long.

The opinions regarding a straight state ticket were all one way, and that was to the effect that it would not be possible for the Democrats and Populists to get together on a state ticket, and that each would nominate a state ticket.

## TEACHERS' SALARIES REDUCED.

Wellington School Board Cuts Down the Number of Teachers and Salaries.

WELLINGTON, May 23.—By the action of the school board the Wellington schools this year as against twenty-eight and the teachers have to suffer a reduction of 10 per cent in salaries. The length of the school year, however, is to remain the same, eight months.

The action was taken only after a very spirited, almost acrimonious, contest in the board and some predict that an entirely new board of teachers will have to be selected on account of it.

## A FAT SITUATION.

A Man Paid \$100 a Month Just to Send Out Chinch-bugs.

ABILENE, May 23.—The county commissioners have voted to establish a chinch-bug station and hired Prof. Hickey at \$100 a month to run it for three months.

No diseased chinch-bugs had been received by those who sent to Lawrence for them, as they did not send healthy bugs to exchange for the diseased ones.

## Republican Delegates.

The following are the delegates from Chautauqua and Rooks counties to the Republican state convention:

Chautauqua—Adrian Reynolds, Sedan; D. J. Moore, Sedan; W. D. Finley, Farmersburg; C. A. Dutton, Moline; W. M. Jones, Cedarvale; G. W. Goss, Elgin; R. L. Hillman, Fort H. R. Taylor, Monett; Rooks—J. B. Nelly, Igo; W. L. Chambers, Stockton; L. Morris, Palco; J. R. Brobst, Stockton; A. M. Neas, Plainville.

## After Another Railroad.

ARKANSAS CITY, May 23.—At a meeting of the Business Men's club a committee of six, headed by Mayor A. A. Newman, was appointed to confer with the directors of the Oklahoma Central railroad in regard to the construction of a line to El Paso, Tex., by way of Parker, Okla. The directors assure the people that the road will be built as far as Parker at once, provided Arkansas City would secure the right of way for ten miles and contribute \$6,000, the money not to be paid until the conditions have been complied with.

## Oration to Woman Suffragists.

OTTAWA, May 23.—The district court room was inadequate to accommodate the crowd that assembled here to attend the equal suffrage mass meeting. Hundreds of prominent men and women of the city and county came out to show their sympathy with the movement. Crowded houses have greeted Rev. Anna Shaw, of Kimber, Mrs. Rachel Child and Laura M. Johns, all of whom delivered telling speeches.

## Crops in Rice County.

SPERLING, May 23.—The frost of a few nights ago turned the corn a little yellow, but it is the impression that it is not injured and sunny weather will bring it out all right in a few days. Wheat is looking very well and will, with this kind of weather, make itself very rapidly. Prospects are good for an average crop.

## "TIN WEDDING"

At the First Presbyterian Church to Be Held This Evening at 8 P. M.

- PROGRAMME.
1. Organ prelude.
  2. Quartette.
  3. Prayer.
  4. Short response by choir.
  5. Historical sketch.
  6. Solo.
  7. "Spiritual Life of the Church."
  8. Quartette.
  9. Remarks.
  10. Doxology.
  11. Reception.

## The Mississippi Coming Up.

MINNEAPOLIS, May 23.—A special to the Journal from La Crosse, Wis., says: The Mississippi here is at a stage of 12.5, the highest since 1892. It already covers the railroad track along the levee and the sawmills have to close down. If there is no further rise little damage will be done.

Tomorrow is Corpus Christi day, and high mass will be sung at 8 o'clock to-morrow morning, at the Church of the Assumption. Very Rev. F. M. Hayden will go to St. Marys and take part in the exercises there. Elaborate arrangements are being made for the celebration. A procession will take place in the college grounds at St. Marys.

## Attention Democrats.

There will be an open meeting at Flambeau hall, tonight, 210 Kas. ave. Called by temporary president, J. E. SCHMIDT, JOHN HANLEY, Secretary.

## TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

WANTED—Immediately—two good seamstresses at 519 West 6th st.

FOR RENT—10 room house, with bath. Thos. S. Lyon, 1633 College ave.

FOR RENT—3 room house and cellar with good garden room. No. 394 Locust st. Inquire at 307 Jefferson st.

## KINDNESS, GENTLENESS, LOVE

Always Command the Respect of the Educated and Refined.

Prof. Gentry with his army of educated ponies and dogs will hold forth under their tent on Quincy street, near Sixth, next Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday nights, May 28, 29 and 30. Matinee Wednesday at 2:30 p. m. One of the secrets of the wonderful success of Prof. Gentry is that he is as kind and gentle to the little beauty Shetlands and dogs as a fond mother is to the children she loves. He has only to tell them what he wants them to do, and it is done. They all seem willing and anxious to perform their parts as any one who might expect to be liberally rewarded. This may partially be from the fact that they so thoroughly enjoy the visit of the audience on the stage after each performance and seem disappointed when a visit is not made. They thoroughly enjoy the sweetmeats and caresses of the ladies and children. Admission—Children 10 cents, adults 20 cents.

## WORK FOR IDLE HANDS.

It Is Wanted in Minneapolis for Two Thousand Unemployed.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., May 23.—On Haymarket square last night nearly 2,000 men thrown out of employment by the stringency of the times, again assembled in mass meeting to take formal action in a final attempt to obtain work and from the systematic plans arranged, it is probable that if there is work to be had, it will certainly come their way.

## TODAY'S MARKET REPORT.

Furnished by W. F. Federman, Broker in Grain, Provisions and Stocks, Real Estate Building, Corner Seventh and Jackson Streets.

**Chicago Market.**  
CHICAGO, May 23.—Wheat today opened slightly lower, but firmed up immediately. The ear, the estimate and seem favorable crop bulletins, but there was buying at the break and prices advanced helped by the scalping theory that there had been a big break and a reaction must follow. July started 3/8c lower, at 56 3/8c, lost 1/8c, and sold up to 56 1/2c.

Corn was firm on buying and the strength in wheat. July opened unchanged at 37 3/8c, lost 1/8c, and advanced to 37 1/2c.

Oats firm; July 31 3/8c.

Provisions were lower on hog receipts in excess of the estimate and lower prices at the yards. July pork 2 1/2c off, at \$11.75, sold down 10 cents and reacted to \$11.70.

July lard, \$6.75.

Receipts—Wheat, 29,000 bu.; corn, 339,000 bu.; oats, 309,000 bu.

Shipments—Wheat, 21,000 bu.; corn, 283,000 bu.; oats, 227,000 bu.